

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

SENATE HOUSE 87/1, College Street, Kolkata – 700 073

Prof. (Dr.) Soma Bandyopadhyay

Registrar (Acting)

Phone :

2241-0071/4984

Fax E-mail : 91-033-2241-3222

E-mail : s

somabando@yahoo.co.in

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that Muralidhar Girls' College, p-411/14, Gariahat Road, Ballygunge, Kolkata-700029, West Bengal is affiliated to the University of Calcutta and recognized by the University Grants Commission and the following Courses/Subjects are taught in the said college as per approval:

	pproval:	Affilia	tion	Period of Validity for
SI No	Name of the Course(s) and Duration	Permanent	Temporary	the year(s)
1.	Three Year B.A. Honours Courses in English. Bengali, Sanskrit, Education, History. Philosophy, Political Science, Sociology, Psychology, Geography,	NA		Affiliation stands valid till date
2.	Journalism & Mass Communication Three Year B.A. General in Elective English, Bengali, Sanskrit, Education, History, Philosophy, Political Science, Sociology, Psychology, Geography, Journalism & Mass Communication	N.A		Do
	Three Year B.Sc. General Course in Botany, Economics, Geography, Psychology, Mathematics, Statistics,	N.	A	Do
1.	Chemistry, Film Studies Three Year B.Sc. Honours Course in Botany, Economics, Geography, Psychology	N.	A	Do
	Three Year Major Course in Tourism & Travel Management	N	A	Do

Date: 21.02.2016

Place: Kolkata

Principal College
Muralidhar Girls

Prof. (Dr.) S. Randyopadhyay
Registrar (Acting) 22.03.16,

প্রফেসর (ডঃ) সোমা বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়

कार्यनिर्वाशै निवफ्रक



GURUPADA SAREN SECRETARY

COUNCILS FOR UNDERGRADUATE STUDIES, UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

Ref.No: CUS/ 268 (Cir.) /18 Dated the 07th May, 2018

To The Principals/T.I.C. of all the U.G. Colleges affiliated to the University of Calcutta SENATE HOUSE

Kolkata - 700 073.

Phone: 2241-0071-74, 2241-0077-78,2241-4989-90,

2241-2850-51,2241-2859

: 91-033-2241-3222 Fax

E-mail :u.g.councilsc.u@gmail.com

Website: www.caluniv.ac.in

The undersigned is directed to forward you the University Notifications No. CSR/3 /18, Sir/Madam. dt.07.05.2018 and CSR/ 4 /18, dt.07.05.2018, containing new Admission & Examination Regulations for semester wise three year (six semesters) B.A./B.Sc./B.Mus. (Honours/General) B.A./B.Sc./B.Com.(Major) Courses of Studies under CBCS.

This new Admission and Examination Regulation will come into effect from this academic session, i.e., 2018-2019.

The said Notifications along with detail Regulations is also available in the University Website.

Thanking you,

The University Notifications No. CSR/3/18, dt.07.05.2018 & CSR/4/18, dt.07.05.2018 along with detail

Regulations.

Yours faithfully,

Luckleen hans 20.7.20 Principal Muralidhar Cirla Muralidhar Girls' College

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

CBCS SYLLABUS

F O R



THREE-YEAR GENERAL COURSE OF STUDIES IN MICROBIOLOGY

2018

Structure of B. Sc. General Microbiology under CBCS

Core Course: CC

CC-1/GE1: Introduction and Scope of microbiology, Bacteriology

CC-2/GE2: Bacteriology and Virology

CC-3/GE3: Biomolecules and Microbial metabolism

CC-4/GE4: Microbial Genetics and Molecular Biology

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)

DSE-A (Any One)

- Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology
- Microbes in Environment

DSE-B (Any One)

- Medical Microbiology and Immunology
- Industrial Microbiology and Food Microbiology

Skill Enhancement Elective Courses (SEC)

SEC-A

- 1. Microbial Quality Control in Food and Pharmaceutical Industries
- 2. Biofertilizers and Biopesticides

SEC-B

- Food Fermentation Techniques
- Microbiological Analysis of Air and Water

SUBJECT/PAPER CODE FORMAT

- 1. Subject Code: MCB
- 2. Honours Code: A
- 3. Course Code: a) Core Course: CC

b) Discipline Specific Elective: DSE-A/DSE-B

c) Skill Enhancement Course: SEC-A/SEC-B

- Semester Code: 1/2/3/4/5/6
- 5. Paper No. Code: 1/2/3..../14
- 6. Paper Component Code: a) Theory: TH, b) Practical: P

Semester Wise Microbiology General Courses Semester-1

Core Course

B.Sc (General) MICROBIOLOGY (CBCS STRUCTURE)
CC-1/GE1: INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF MICROBIOLOGY
(THEORY)
MCB-G-CC-1-1-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 History of Development of Microbiology

Development of microbiology as a discipline, Spontaneous generation vs. biogenesis. Contributions of Anton von Leeuwenhoek, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Joseph Lister, Alexander Fleming Role of microorganisms in fermentation, Germ theory of disease, Development of various microbiological techniques and golden era of microbiology, Development of the field of soil microbiology: Contributions of Martinus W. Beijerinck, Sergei N. Winogradsky, Selman A.Waksman Establishment of fields of medical microbiology and immunology through the work of Paul Ehrlich, Elie Metchnikoff, Edward Jenner

Unit 2 Diversity of Microorganisms

No. of Hours: 8

No. of Hours: 8

Systems of classification: Binomial nomenclature, Whittaker's five kingdom and Carl Woese's three kingdom classification systems and their utility

General characteristics of different groups: Acellular microorganisms (Viruses, Viroids, Prions) and Cellular microorganisms (Prokarya: Archaea and Bacteria, Eukarya: Algae, Fungi and Protozoa) giving definitions and citing examples

Protozoa: Methods of nutrition, locomotion & reproduction - Amoeba, Paramecium and Plasmodium

Unit 3 Microscopy No. of Hours: 5

Bright Field Microscope, Dark Field Microscope, Phase Contrast Microscope, FluoresenceMicroscope, Transmission Electron Microscope, Scanning Electron Microscope

Unit 4 Sterilization No. of Hours: 5

Moist Heat, Autoclave, Dry Heat, Hot Air Oven, Tyndallization, Filteration.

Unit 5 Microbes in Human Health & Environment

No. of Hours: 8

Medical microbiology and immunology: List of important human diseases and their causative agents of various human systems. Definitions of immunity (active/passive), primary and secondary immune response, antigen, antibody and their types

Environmental microbiology: Definitions and examples of important microbial interactions – mutualism, commensalism, parasitism, Definitions and microorganisms used as biopesticides, biofertilizers, in biodegradation, biodeterioration and bioremediation (e.g. hydrocarbons in oil spills)

Unit 6 Industrial Microbiology

No. of Hours: 8

Definition of fermentation, primary and secondary metabolites, types of fermentations and fermenters and microbes producing important industrial products through fermentation.

Unit 7 Food and Dairy Microbiology

No. of Hours: 8

Microorganisms as food (SCP), microorganisms in food fermentations (dairy and non dairy based fermented food products) and probiotics. Microorganisms in food spoilage and food borne infections.

CC-1/GE1: INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF MICROBIOLOGY (PRACTICALS) SEMESTER -1

MCB-G-CC-1-1-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- Microbiology Laboratory Management and Biosafety.
- To study the principle and applications of important instruments (biological safety cabinets, autoclave, incubator, BOD incubator, hot air oven, light microscope, pH meter) used in the microbiology laboratory
- Preparation of culture media for bacterial cultivation
- 4. Sterilization of medium using Autoclave and assessment for sterility
- 5. Sterilization of glassware using Hot Air Oven and assessment for sterility
- 6. Sterilization of heat sensitive material by filtration and assessment for sterility
- Demonstration of presence of microflora in the environment by exposing nutrient agar plates to air.
- Study of different shapes of bacteria using permanent slides
- Study of Rhizopus and Penicillium using permanent mounts
- 10. Study of Spirogyra and Chlamydomonas using permanent Mounts
- 11. Study of the following protozoans using permanent mounts/photographs: Amoeba, Entamoeba, Paramecium and Plasmodium

SUGGESTED READING

- Tortora GJ, Funke BR and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition.
 Pearson Education
- Madigan MT, Martinko JM, Dunlap PV and Clark DP. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms.
 14th edition. Pearson International Edition
- Cappucino J and Sherman N. (2010). Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual. 9th edition.
 Pearson Education Limited
- Wiley JM, Sherwood LM and Woolverton CJ. (2013) Prescott's Microbiology. 9th Edition. McGraw Hill International
- Atlas RM. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition. WM.T. Brown Publishers.
- Pelczar MJ, Chan ECS and Krieg NR. (1993). Microbiology. 5th edition. McGraw Hill Book Company.
- Stanier RY, Ingraham JL, Wheelis ML, and Painter PR. (2005).
 GeneralMicrobiology. 5thedition. McMillan.

Semester-2

Core Course

CC-2/GE2: BACTERIOLOGY AND VIROLOGY (THEORY) MCB-G-CC-2-2-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Cell organization

Cell size, shape and arrangements, capsule, flagella and pili, Composition and detailed structure of gram- positive and gram- negative cell wall and archaeal cell wall, Structure, chemical composition and functions of bacterial and archaeal cell membranes, Ribosomes, inclusions, nucleoid, plasmids, structure, formation and stages of sporulation

Unit 2 Bacterial growth and control

No. of Hours: 8

No. of Hours: 10

Culture media: Components of media, Synthetic or defined media, Complex media, enriched media, selective media, differential media, enrichment culture media

Pure culture isolation: Streaking, serial dilution and plating methods, cultivation, maintenance and stocking of pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobic bacteria Growth: Binary fission, phases of growth

Unit 3 Bacterial Systematics and Taxonomy

No. of Hours: 8

Taxonomy, nomenclature, systematics, types of classifications

Morphology, ecological significance and economic importance of the following groups:

Archaea: methanogens, thermophiles and halophiles

Eubacteria: Gram negative and Gram positive

Gram negative:

Non-proteobacteria- Deinococcus, Chlamydiae, Spirochetes

Alpha proteobacteria- Rickettsia, Rhizobium, Agrobacterium

Gamma proteobacteria - Escherichia, Shigella, Pseudomonas

Gram positive: Low G+C: Mycoplasma, Bacillus, Clostridium, Staphylococcus High G+C:

Streptomyces, Frankia

Unit 4 Introduction to Viruses

No. of Hours: 8

Properties of viruses; general nature and important features Subviral particles; viroids, prions and their importance

Isolation and cultivation of viruses

Unit 5 Structure, and multiplication of viruses

No. of Hours: 8

No. of Hours: 8

Morphological characters: Capsid symmetry and different shapes of viruses with examples Viral multiplication in the Cell: Lytic and lysogenic cycle

Description of important viruses: salient features of the viruses infecting different hosts -Bacteriophages (T4 & Lambda); Plant (TMV & Cauliflower Mosaic Virus), Human (HIV & Hepatitis viruses)

Unit 6 Role of Viruses in Disease and its prevention

Viruses as pathogens: Role of viruses in causing diseases

Prevention and control of viruses: Viral vaccines, interferons and antiviral compounds

CC-2/GE2: BACTERIOLOGY AND VIROLOGY (PRACTICAL)

MCB-G-CC-2-2-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- Preparation of different media: Nutrient agar, Nutrient broth
- To perform simple staining and Gram's staining of the bacterial smear
- 3. To perform spore staining
- 4. Isolation of pure cultures of bacteria by streaking method
- 5. Enumeration of colony forming units (CFU) count by spread plate method/pour plate
- Study the morphological structures of viruses (DNA and RNA) and their important characters using electron micrographs
- 8. Study of the methods of isolation and propagation of plant viruses
- 9. Study of cytopathic effects of viruses using photographs

SUGGESTED READING

- 1. Atlas RM. (1997). Principles of Microbiology. 2nd edition. WM.T.Brown Publishers
- Madigan MT, Martinko JM, Dunlap PV and Clark DP (2014). Brock Biology of Micro-organisms.

14th edition. Pearson Education, Inc.

- 3. Stanier RY, Ingraham JL, Wheelis ML and Painter PR. (2005). General Microbiology. 5th edition. McMillan
- Carter J and Saunders V(2007). Virology; principles and Applications. John Wiley and Sons
- Flint SJ, Enquist, LW, Krug, RM, Racaniello, VR Skalka, AM (2004) Principles of Virology, Molecular Biology, Pathogenesis and Control. 2nd edition. ASM Press
- Shors Teri (2013) Understanding Viruses 2nd edition Jones and Bartlett Learning Burlington USA
- PelczarJr MJ, Chan ECS, and Krieg NR. (2004). Microbiology. 5th edition Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9th edition Pearson Education.
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.
- Dimmock, NJ, Easton, AL, Leppard, KN (2007). Introduction to Modern Virology. 6th edition, Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
- 11. Cann AJ (2012) Principles of Molecular Virology, Academic Press Oxford UK

Semester-3

Core Course

CC-3/GE3: MICROBIAL METABOLISM (THEORY) MCB-G-CC-3-3-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Microbial Growth and Effect of Environment on Microbial Growth No. of Hours: 10 Definitions of growth, Batch culture, Continuous culture, generation time and specific growth rate Temperature and temperature ranges of growth

pH and pH ranges of growth

Effect of solute and water activity on growth

Effect of oxygen concentration on growth

Nutritional categories of microorganisms

Unit 2 Nutrient uptake and Transport

Passive and facilitated diffusion

Primary and secondary active transport, concept of uniport, symport and antiport

Group translocation

Iron uptake

Unit 3 Chemoheterotrophic Metabolism - Aerobic Respiration

Concept of aerobic respiration, anaerobic respiration and fermentation

Sugar degradation pathways i.e. EMP, ED, Pentose phosphate pathway

TCA cycle

Electron transport chain: components of respiratory chain, comparison of mitochondrial and bacterial ETC, electron transport phosphorylation, uncouplers and inhibitors

Unit 4 Chemoheterotrophic Metabolism- Anaerobic respiration and fermentation

No. of Hours: 6

No. of Hours: 10

No. of Hours: 6

No. of Hours: 10

No. of Hours: 8

Anaerobic respiration with special reference to dissimilatory nitrate reduction (Denitrification; nitrate /nitrite and nitrate/ammonia respiration; fermentative nitrate reduction)

Fermentation - Alcohol fermentation and Pasteur effect; Lactate fermentation (homofermentative and heterofermentative pathways), concept of linear and branched fermentation pathways

Unit 5 Chemolithotrophic and Phototrophic Metabolism

Introduction to aerobic and anaerobic chemolithotrophy with an example each. Hydrogen oxidation (definition and reaction) and methanogenesis (definition and reaction)

Introduction to phototrophic metabolism - groups of phototrophic microorganisms,

anoxygenicvs. oxygenic photosynthesis with reference to photosynthesis in green bacteria and cyanobacteria

Unit 6 Nitrogen Metabolism - an overview

Introduction to biological nitrogen fixation

Ammonia assimilation

Assimilatory nitrate reduction

CC-3/GE3: MICROBIAL METABOLISM (PRACTICAL)

MCB-G-CC-3-3-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- Study and plot the growth curve of E. coli by tubidiometric and standard plate count methods.
- 2. Calculations of generation time and specific growth rate of bacteria from the graph plotted with the given data
- Effect of temperature on growth of E. coli
- Effect of pH on growth of E. coli
- Effect of Nitrogen and Carbon sources on E. Coli
- Effect of salt on growth of E. coli
- Demonstration of alcoholic fermentation
- Demonstration of the thermal death time and decimal reduction time of E. coli.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Madigan MT, and Martinko JM (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Prentice Hall International Inc.
- Moat AG and Foster JW. (2002). Microbial Physiology. 4th edition. John Wiley & Sons
- Reddy SR and Reddy SM. (2005). Microbial Physiology. Scientific Publishers India
- Gottschalk G. (1986). Bacterial Metabolism. 2nd edition. Springer Verlag
- Stanier RY, Ingrahm JI, Wheelis ML and Painter PR. (1987). General Microbiology. 5th edition, McMillan Press.
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

SEMESTER-4

Core Course

CC-4/GE4: MICROBIAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (THEORY)

MCB-G-CC-4-4-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Structures of DNA and RNA / Genetic Material

No. of Hours: 6 and renaturation,

DNA structure, Salient features of double helix, Types of DNA, denaturation and renaturation, topoisomerases; Organization of DNA Prokaryotes, Viruses, Eukaryotes. RNA Structure

Unit 2 Replication of DNA

No. of Hours: 5

Bidirectional and unidirectional replication, semi-conservative, semi-discontinuous replication Mechanism of DNA replication: Enzymes and proteins involved in DNA replication –DNA polymerases, DNA ligase, primase, telomerase – for replication of linear ends

Unit 3 Transcription

No. of Hours: 5

Transcription: Definition, promoter - concept and strength of promoter. Transcriptional Machinery and Mechanism of transcription.

Unit 4 Translation No. of Hours: 5

Genetic code, Translational machinery, Charging of tRNA, aminoacyltRNA synthetases, Mechanisms of initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptides.

Unit 5 Regulation of gene Expression

No. of Hours: 5

Principles of transcriptional regulation, regulation at initiation with examples from *lac* and *trp* operons

Unit 6 Mutations No. of Hours: 8

Mutations and mutagenesis: Definition and types of Mutations; Physical and chemical mutagens; Uses of mutations, DNA repair mechanisms

Unit 7 Mechanisms of Genetic Exchange Transformation -

No. of Hours: 8

Discovery, mechanism of natural competence Conjugation -Discovery, mechanism, Hfr and F' strains Transduction -Generalized transduction, specialized transduction

Unit 8 Plasmids and Transposable Elements

No. of Hours: 8

Property and function of plasmids, Types of plasmids. Prokaryotic transposable elements – Insertion Sequences, composite and non-composite transposons, Replicative and Non replicative transposition, Uses of transposons and transposition.

CC-4/GE4: MICROBIAL GENETICS AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (PRACTICAL) SEMESTER – 4

MCB-G-CC-4-4-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- Study of different types of DNA and RNA using micrographs and model / schematic representations
- Study of semi-conservative replication of DNA through micrographs / schematic representations
- 3. Estimation of salmon sperm / calf thymus DNA using colorimeter (diphenylamine reagent) or UV spectrophotometer (A260 measurement)
- Resolution and visualization of DNA by Agarose Gel Electrophoresis.
- Resolution and visualization of proteins by Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE).
- Study the effect of chemical (HNO2) and physical (UV) mutagens on bacterial cells
- Study survival curve of bacteria after exposure to ultraviolet (UV) light
- Demonstration of Bacterial Transformation and calculation of transformation efficiency.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Watson JD, Baker TA, Bell SP, Gann A, Levine M and Losick R (2008) Molecular Biology of the Gene, 6th edition, Cold Spring Harbour Lab. Press, Pearson Publication
- Becker WM, Kleinsmith LJ, Hardin J and Bertoni GP (2009) The World of the Cell, 7th edition, Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco
- De Robertis EDP and De Robertis EMF (2006) Cell and Molecular Biology, 8th edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia
- Karp G (2010) Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
- Sambrook J and Russell DW. (2001). Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. 4th Edition, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory press.
- Krebs J, Goldstein E, Kilpatrick S (2013). Lewin's Essential Genes, 3rd Ed., Jones and Bartlett Learning
- Gardner EJ, Simmons MJ, Snustad DP (2008). Principles of Genetics. 8th Ed. Wiley-India
- Klug WS, Cummings MR, Spencer, C, Palladino, M (2011). Concepts of Genetics, 10th Ed., Benjamin Cummings
- Maloy SR, Cronan JE and FriefelderD(2004) Microbial Genetics 2nd EDITION., Jones and Barlett Publishers
- Russell PJ. (2009). i Genetics- A Molecular Approach. 3rd Ed, Benjamin Cumming

Skill Enhancement Elective Courses (SEC)

SEC-A

(A candidate has to opt any one from SEC-A either in Semester-3 or in Semester-5)

1: BIOFERTILIZERS AND BIOPESTICIDES MCB-G-SEC-A-3/5-1-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 30 CREDITS: 2

Unit 1 Biofertilizers No of Hours: 10

General account of the microbes used as biofertilizers for various crop plants and their advantages over chemical fertilizers.

Symbiotic N2 fixers: *Rhizobium* - Isolation, characteristics, types, inoculum production and field application, legume/pulses plants

Frankia- Isolation, characteristics, Alder, Casurina plants, non-leguminous crop symbiosis. Cyanobacteria, Azolla - Isolation, characterization, mass multiplication, Role in rice cultivation, Crop response, field application.

Unit 2 Non - Symbiotic Nitrogen Fixers

No of Hours: 4

Free living Azospirillum, Azotobacter - free isolation, characteristics, mass inoculums, production and field application.

Unit 3 Phosphate Solubilizers

No of Hours: 4

Phosphate solubilizing microbes - Isolation, characterization, mass inoculum production, field application

Unit 4 MycorrhizalBiofertilizers

No of Hours: 5

Importance of mycorrizal inoculum, types of mycorrhizae and associated plants, Mass inoculum production of VAM, field applications of Ectomycorrhizae and VAM.

Unit 5 Bioinsecticides No of Hours: 7

General account of microbes used as bioinsecticides and their advantages over synthetic pesticides, Bacillus thuringiensis, production, Field applications, Viruses – cultivation and field applications.

Suggested Readings

- Kannaiyan, S. (2003). Bioetchnology of Biofertilizers, CHIPS, Texas.
- Mahendra K. Rai (2005). Hand book of Microbial biofertilizers, The Haworth Press, Inc. New York.
- Reddy, S.M. et. al. (2002). Bioinoculants for sustainable agriculture and forestry, Scientific Publishers.
- SubbaRao N.S (1995) Soil microorganisms and plant growth Oxford and IBH publishing co.
 Pvt. Ltd. NewDelhi.

- Saleem F and Shakoori AR (2012) Development of Bioinsecticide, Lap Lambert Academic Publishing GmbH KG
- Aggarwal SK (2005) Advanced Environmental Biotechnology, APH publication.

2.Microbial Quality Control in Food and Pharmaceutical Industries MCB-G-SEC-A-3/5-3-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 30 CREDITS: 2

No. of Hours: 8

No. of Hours: 4

Unit 1 Microbiological Laboratory and Safe Practices

Good laboratory practices - Good laboratory practices, Good microbiological practices Biosafety cabinets - Working of biosafety cabinets, using protective clothing, specification for BSL-1, BSL-2, BSL-3. Discarding biohazardous waste - Methodology of Disinfection, Autoclaving & Incineration

Unit 2 Determining Microbes in Food / Pharmaceutical Samples No. of Hours: 10
Culture and microscopic methods - Standard plate count, Most probable numbers, Direct microscopic counts, Biochemical and immunological methods: Limulus lysate test for endotoxin, gel diffusion, sterility testing for pharmaceutical products
Molecular methods - Nucleic acid probes, PCR based detection, biosensors.

Unit 3 Pathogenic Microorganisms of Importance in Food & Water No. of Hours: 8

Enrichment culture technique, Detection of specific microorganisms - on XLD agar, Salmonella Shigella Agar, Manitol salt agar, EMB agar, McConkey Agar, Saboraud Agar Ascertaining microbial quality of milk by MBRT, Rapid detection methods of microbiological quality of milk at milk collection centres (COB, 10 min Resazurin assay)

Unit 4 HACCP for Food Safety and Microbial Standards

Hazard analysis of critical control point (HACCP) - Principles, flow diagrams, limitations Microbial Standards for Different Foods and Water – BIS standards for common foods and drinking water

SUGGESTED READING

- Harrigan WF (1998) Laboratory Methods in Food Microbiology, 3rd ed. Academic Press
- Garg N, Garg KL and Mukerji KG (2010) Laboratory Manual of Food Microbiology I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Jay JM, Loessner MJ, Golden DA (2005) Modern Food Microbiology, 7th edition. Springer
- Baird RM, Hodges NA and Denyer SP (2005) Handbook of Microbiological Quality control
 in Pharmaceutical and Medical Devices, Taylor and Francis Inc.

SEC-B

(A candidate has to opt any one from SEC-B either in Semester-4 or in Semester-6)

1. MICROBIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF AIR AND WATER

MCB-G-SEC-B-4/6-2-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 30 CREDITS: 2

Unit 1 Aeromicrobiology

Bioaerosols, Air borne microorganisms (bacteria, Viruses, fungi) and their impact on human health and environment, significance in food and pharma industries and operation theatres, allergens

Unit 2 Air Sample Collection and Analysis

No of Hours: 7

No of Hours: 4

Bioaerosol sampling, air samplers, methods of analysis, CFU, culture media for bacteria and fungi, Identification characteristics

Unit 3 Control Measures

No of Hours: 4

Fate of bioaerosols, inactivation mechanisms – UV light, HEPA filters, desiccation, Incineration

Unit 4 Water Microbiology

No of Hours: 4

Water borne pathogens, water borne diseases

Unit 5 Microbiological Analysis of Water

No of Hours: 7

Sample Collection, Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect potability ofwater samples: (a) standard qualitative procedure: presumptive/MPN tests, confirmed and completed tests for faecal coliforms (b) Membrane filter technique and (c) Presence/absence tests

Unit 6 Control Measures

No of Hours: 4

Precipitation, chemical disinfection, filtration, high temperature, UV light

Suggested Reading

- da Silva N, Taniwaki MH, Junqueira VC, Silveira N, Nascimento MS, Gomes RAR (2012)
 Microbiological Examination Methods of Food and WaterA Laboratory Manual, CRC Press
- Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications.
 4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
- Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Academic Press
- Hurst CJ, Crawford RL, Garland JL, Lipson DA (2007) Manual of Environmental Microbiology, 3rd edition, ASM press

2. FOOD FERMENTATION TECHNIQUES

MCB-G-SEC-B-4/6-4-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 30 CREDITS: 2

Unit 1 Fermented Foods No of Hours: 4

Definition, types, advantages and health benefits

Unit 2 Milk Based Fermented Foods No of Hours: 8

Dahi, Yogurt, Buttermilk (Chach) and cheese: Preparation of inoculums, types of microorganisms and production process

Unit 3 Grain Based Fermented Foods No of Hours: 6

Soy sauce, Bread, Idli and Dosa: Microorganisms and production process

Unit 4 Vegetable Based Fermented Foods No of Hours: 4

Pickels, Saeurkraut: Microorganisms and production process

Unit 5 Fermented Meat and Fish No of Hours: 4

Types, microorganisms involved, fermentation process

Unit 6 Probiotic Foods No of Hours: 4

Definition, types, microorganisms and health benefits

Suggested Readings

- Hui YH, Meunier-Goddik L, Josephsen J, Nip WK, Stanfield PS (2004) Handbook of food and fermentation technology, CRC Press
- Holzapfel W (2014) Advances in Fermented Foods and Beverages, Woodhead Publishing.
- Yadav JS, Grover, S and Batish VK (1993) A comprehensive dairy microbiology, Metropolitan
- Jay JM, Loessner MJ, Golden DA (2005) Modern Food Microbiology, 7th edition. Springer

Elective Course (Any One from DSE-A)

Semester-5

DSE-A:

1. GENETIC ENGINEERING AND BIOTECHNOLOGY (THEORY)

MCB-G-DSE-A-5-1-TH

No. of Hours: 12

No. of Hours: 8

No. of Hours: 12

No. of Hours: 4

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Introduction to genetic engineering

Milestones in genetic engineering and biotechnology

Restriction modification systems: Mode of action, applications of Type II restriction enzymes in genetic engineering

DNA modifying enzymes and their applications: DNA polymerases. Terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase, kinases and phosphatases, and DNA ligases Cloning: Use of

linkers and adaptors

Transformation of DNA: Chemical method, Electroporation

Methods of DNA, RNA and Protein analysis: Agarose gel electrophoresis, Southern - and Northern - blotting techniques, dot blot, DNA microarray analysis, SDS-PAGE and Western blotting.

Unit 2 Vectors No. of Hours: 14

Cloning Vectors: Definition and Properties Plasmid vectors: pBR and pUC series Bacteriophage lambda and M13 based vectors

Cosmids, BACs, YACs

Expression vectors: E.coli lac and T7 promoter-based vectors, yeast YIp, YEp and YCp vectors, Baculovirus based vectors, mammalian SV40-based expression vectors

Unit 3 DNA Amplification and DNA sequencing

PCR: Basics of PCR, RT-PCR, Real-Time PCR

Genomic and cDNA libraries: Preparation and uses, Genome sequencing Sanger's method of DNA Sequencing: traditional and automated sequencing

Unit 4 Application of Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology

Gene delivery: Microinjection, electroporation, biolistic method (gene gun), liposome and viral-mediated delivery, Agrobacterium - mediated delivery

Products of recombinant DNA technology: Products of human therapeutic interest - insulin, hGH, antisense molecules. Bt transgenic - cotton, brinjal, flavosavo tomato, Gene therapy, recombinant vaccine, protein engineering

Unit 5 Intellectual Property Rights

Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks

DSE-A:

1. GENETIC ENGINEERING AND BIOTECHNOLOGY (PRACTICAL) SEMESTER -5

MCB-G-DSE-A-5-1-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- Isolation of Plasmid DNA from E.coli
- Digestion of DNA using restriction enzymes and analysis by agarose gel electrophoresis
- Ligation of DNA fragments
- Interpretation of sequencing gel electropherograms
- Designing of primers for DNA amplification
- Amplification of DNA by PCR
- 7. Demonstration of Southern blotting

SUGGESTED READING

- Brown TA. (2010). Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis. 6th edition. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford. U.K.
- Clark DP and Pasternik NJ. (2009). Biotechnology: Applying the Genetic Revolution. Elsevier Academic Press, USA
- Primrose SB and Twyman RM. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th edition. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, U.K.
- Sambrook J and Russell D. (2001). Molecular Cloning-A Laboratory Manual. 3rd edition.
 Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press
- Wiley JM, Sherwood LM and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 8th edition, McGraw Hill Higher Education
- Brown TA. (2007). Genomes-3. Garland Science Publishers
- Primrose SB and Twyman RM. (2008). Genomics: Applications in human biology. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, U.K.

DSE-A: 2. MICROBES IN ENVIRONMENT (THEORY)

No. of Hours: 12

No. of Hours: 08

No. of Hours: 10

No. of Hours: 10

No. of Hours: 5

No. of Hours: 5

SEMESTER – 5

MCB-G-DSE-A-5-2-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Microorganisms and their Habitats

Structure and function of ecosystems

Terrestrial Environment: Soil profile and soil microflora

Aquatic Environment: Microflora of fresh water and marine habitats

Atmosphere: Aeromicroflora and dispersal of microbes

Animal Environment: Microbes in/on human body (Microbiomics) & animal (ruminants) body. Extreme Habitats: Extremophiles: Microbes thriving at high & low temperatures, pH, high

hydrostatic & osmotic pressures, salinity, & low nutrient levels.

Unit 2 Microbial Interactions

Microbe interactions: Mutualism, synergism, commensalism, competition, amensalism, parasitism, predation

Microbe-Plant interaction: Symbiotic and non symbiotic interactions

Microbe-animal interaction: Microbes in ruminants, nematophagus fungi and symbiotic

luminescent bacteria

Unit 3 Biogeochemical Cycling

Carbon cycle: Microbial degradation of cellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin and chitin

Nitrogen cycle: Nitrogen fixation, ammonification, nitrification, denitrification and nitrate reduction

Phosphorus cycle: Phosphate immobilization and solubilisation

Sulphur cycle: Microbes involved in sulphur cycle
Other elemental cycles: Iron and manganese

Unit 4 Waste Management

Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of solid waste disposal (composting and sanitary landfill)

Liquid waste management: Composition and strength of sewage (BOD and COD), Primary, secondary (oxidation ponds, trickling filter, activated sludge process and septic tank) and tertiary sewage treatment

Unit 5 Microbial Bioremediation

Principles and degradation of common pesticides, hydrocarbons (oil spills).

Unit 6 Water Potability

Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect potability of water samples: (a) standard qualitative procedure: presumptive test/MPN test, confirmed and completed tests for faecal coliforms (b) Membrane filter technique and (c) Presence/absence tests

DSE-A: 2. MICROBES IN ENVIRONMENT (PRACTICAL) SEMESTER -5

MCB-G-DSE-A-5-2-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

Analysis of soil - pH, moisture content, water holding capacity, percolation, capillary action.

- Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from soil (28°C & 45°C).
- Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from rhizosphere and rhizoplane.
- Assessment of microbiological quality of water.
- Determination of BOD of waste water sample.
- Study the presence of microbial activity by detecting (qualitatively) enzymes (dehydrogenase, amylase, urease) in soil.
- Isolation of Rhizobium from root nodules.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Atlas RM and Bartha R. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications. 4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
- Madigan MT, Martinko JM and Parker J. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Pearson/Benjamin Cummings
- Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Academic Press
- Okafor, N (2011). Environmental Microbiology of Aquatic & Waste systems. 1st edition, Springer, New York
- Singh A, Kuhad, RC & Ward OP (2009). Advances in Applied Bioremediation. Volume 17, Springer-Verlag, Berlin Hedeilberg
- Barton LL & Northup DE (2011). Microbial Ecology. 1st edition, Wiley Blackwell, USA Campbell RE. (1983). Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford, England.
- Coyne MS. (2001). Soil Microbiology: An Exploratory Approach. Delmar Thomson Learning.
- Lynch JM & Hobbie JE. (1988). Microorganisms in Action: Concepts & Application in Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, U.K.
- Martin A. (1977). An Introduction to Soil Microbiology. 2nd edition. John Wiley & Sons Inc. New York & London.
- Stolp H. (1988). Microbial Ecology: Organisms Habitats Activities. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, England.
- SubbaRao NS. (1999). Soil Microbiology. 4th edition. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013). Prescott's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education.

Elective Course (Any One from DSE-B)

Semester-6

DSE-B:

1. MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY (THEORY)

MCB-G-DSE-B-6-1-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Normal microflora of the human body and host pathogen interaction

No. of Hours: 5

Normal microflora of the human body: Importance of normal microflora, normal microflora of skin, throat, gastrointestinal tract, urogenital tract

Host pathogen interaction: Definitions - Infection, Invasion, Pathogen, Pathogenicity, Virulence, Toxigenicity, Carriers and their types, Opportunistic infections, Nosocomial infections. Transmission of infection,

Unit 2 Sample collection, transport and diagnosis

No. of Hours: 2

Collection, transport and culturing of clinical samples and their identification characteristics.

Unit 3 Bacterial diseases

No. of Hours: 3

List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents.

Unit 4 Viral diseases

No. of Hours: 3

List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents.

Unit 5 Protozoan diseases

No. of Hours: 2

List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents.

Unit 6 Fungal diseases

No. of Hours: 2

Brief description of various types of mycoses.

Unit 7 Antimicrobial agents: General characteristics and mode of action No. of Hours: 6 Antibacterial agents: Five modes of action with one example each: Inhibitor of nucleic acid synthesis; Inhibitor of cell wall synthesis; Inhibitor of cell membrane function; Inhibitor of protein synthesis; Inhibitor of metabolism

Antifungal agents: Mechanism of action of Amphotericin B, Griseofulvin

Antiviral agents: Mechanism of action of Amantadine, Acyclovir, Azidothymidine

Unit 8 Immune Cells and Organs

No. of Hours: 5

Structure, Functions and Properties of: Immune Cells – Stem cell, T cell, B cell, NK cell, Macrophage, Neutrophil, Eosinophil, Basophil, Mast cell, Dendritic cell; and Immune Organs – Bone Marrow, Thymus, Lymph Node, Spleen

Unit 9 Antigens and Antibodies

No. of Hours: 6

Characteristics of an antigen (Foreignness, Molecular size and Heterogeneity); Haptens; Epitopes (T & B cell epitopes), Adjuvants, Structure, Types and Functions of antibodies.

Unit 10 Generation of Immune Response

No. of Hours: 6

Primary and Secondary Immune Response; Generation of Humoral Immune Response (Plasma and Memory cells); Generation of Cell Mediated Immune Response

Unit 11 Immunological Disorders and Tumor Immunity

No. of Hours: 5

Types of Autoimmunity and Hypersensitivity with examples; Immunodeficiencies - Animal models (Nude and SCID mice).

Unit 12 Immunological Techniques No. of Hours: 5

Principles of Precipitation, Agglutination, Immunodiffusion, Immunoelectrophoresis, ELISA, ELISPOT.

DSE-B:

1. MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY (PRACTICAL)

MCB-G-DSE-B-6-1-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- Identify bacteria on the basis of cultural, morphological and biochemical characteristics:
 IMViC, TSI, nitrate reduction, urease production and catalase tests
- Study of composition and use of important differential media for identification of bacteria:
 EMB Agar, McConkey agar, Mannitol salt agar, Deoxycholate citrate agar, TCBS
- Study of bacterial flora of skin by swab method
- Perform antibacterial sensitivity by Kirby-Bauer method
- Identification of human blood groups.
- To perform Total Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
- To perform Differential Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
- To separate serum from the blood sample (demonstration).
- To perform immunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method.

SUGGESTED READING

- Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker C.K.J. (2009) Textbook of Microbiology. 8th edition, University Press Publication
- Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A. (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26th edition. McGraw Hill Publication
- 3. Goering R., Dockrell H., Zuckerman M. and Wakelin D. (2007) Mims' Medical Microbiology. 4th edition. Elsevier
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Woolverton CJ. (2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 9th edition. McGraw Hill Higher Education
- Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, Pillai S. (2007). Cellular and Molecular Immunology. 6th edition Saunders Publication, Philadelphia.
- Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt IM. (2006). Roitt's Essential Immunology. 11th edition Wiley-Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.
- Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. (2007). Kuby's Immunology. 6th edition W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- Richard C and Geiffrey S. (2009). Immunology. 6th edition. Wiley Blackwell Publication.

DSE-B:

2. INDUSTRIAL AND FOOD MICROBIOLOGY (THEORY)

MCB-G-DSE-B-6-2-TH

TOTAL HOURS: 50 CREDITS: 4

Unit 1 Introduction to Industrial microbiology

No. of Hours: 10

Brief history and developments in industrial microbiology

Types of fermentation processes - solid state, liquid state, batch, fed-batch and continuous

Types of fermenters - laboratory, pilot-scale and production fermenters

Components of a typical continuously stirred tank bioreactor

Unit 2 Isolation of Industrial Strains and Fermentation Medium

No. of Hours: 6

Primary and secondary screening

Preservation and maintenance of industrial strains

Ingredients used in fermentation medium - molasses, corn steep liquor, whey & Yeast extract

Unit 3 Microbial fermentation processes

No. of Hours: 10

Downstream processing - filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, solvent extraction.

Microbial production of industrial products - citric acid, ethanol and penicillin.

Industrial production and uses of the enzymes - amylases, proteases, lipases and cellulases

Unit 4 Food as a substrate for microbial growth

No. of Hours: 6

Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters that affect microbial growth in food

Microbial spoilage of food - milk, egg, bread and canned foods

Unit 5 Principles and methods of food preservation and food sanitation No. of Hours: 8

Physical methods - high temperature, low temperature, irradiation, aseptic packaging

Chemical methods - salt, sugar, benzoates, citric acid, ethylene oxide, nitrate and nitrite

Food sanitation and control - HACCP

Unit 6 Dairy products, probiotics and Food-borne Diseases

No. of Hours: 10

Fermented dairy products - yogurt, acidophilus milk, kefir, dahi and cheese

Probiotics definition, examples and benefits

Food intoxication by Clostridium botulinum and Staphylococcus aureus

Food infection by Salmonella and E.coli

DSE-B:

2.INDUSTRIAL AND FOOD MICROBIOLOGY (PRACTICAL) MCB-G-DSE-B-6-2-P

TOTAL HOURS: 60 CREDITS: 2

- 1. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of amylase
- 2. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of citric acid
- 3. Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of ethanol
- Determination of the microbiological quality of milk sample by MBRT
- Isolation of fungi from spoilt bread/fruits/vegetables
- Preparation of Yogurt/Dahi

SUGGESTED READING

Crueger W and Crueger A. (2000). Biotechnology: A textbook of Industrial Microbiology.
 2nd Edition. Panima Publishing Company, New Delhi

- Patel AH. (1996). Industrial Microbiology .1st Edition. MacMillan India Limited Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi, India
- 3. Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL. (2008). Microbiology: An introduction.9th Edition. Pearson Education
- Willey JM, Sherwood LM AND Woolverton CJ (2013), Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology.9th Edition. McGraw Hill Higher education
- Casida LE. (1991). Industrial Microbiology. 1st edition. Wiley Eastern Limited.
- Stanbury PF, Whitaker A and Hall SJ. (2006). Principles of Fermentation Technology. 2nd edition, Elsevier Science Ltd.
- Adams MR and Moss MO. (1995). Food Microbiology. 4th edition, New Age International
 (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi, India.
- Banwart JM. (1987). Basic Food Microbiology. 1st edition. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
- Frazier WC and Westhoff DC. (1992). Food Microbiology. 3rd edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, India.
- Jay JM, Loessner MJ and Golden DA. (2005). Modern Food Microbiology. 7th edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.